

New species for temporary grassland







1 Description of the innovation

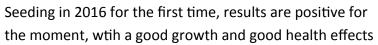
Until last year, temporary grassland of the farm of Pixérécourt were based on classical species: perenial ryegrass, dactyl, white and red clover ...

But the last years have shown limits of these species, specially with summers more and more warm and dry.

Two new species are testing:

- The chicory
- The ribwort plantain

These two species have taproots, so they should have a better tolerance to drought and a better summer growth.





(specially for winter grazing of ewe). The grazing management is more complicate because the chicory lose quickly his attracivty for the cows. Results to be confirmed in the coming years.





FARMER'S STRATEGY

- Grazing during summer without penality for the regrowth
- Using species more tolerant to drought

Farm description

ENVIRONMENT

Types of soil: superficial clay and limes-

tone and sandy-loam

Climate: océanic to continental trend

Altitude: 220m

GRASSLAND MANAGEMENT

Grazing: Yes, cellular grazing

Grazing 6 month a year

STRUCTURE

Annual work units: 2.5

Agricultural area: 280 ha UAA

Rangeland area: 140 ha

Temporary grassland: 110 ha

Permanent grassland: 20 ha

No corn silage

Breeds: 5 breeds crossing

Stocking rate: 1,17 LU / ha of grassland

ANIMAL PERFORMANCES

Milk production: 5300 L/year/cow

WHY IT IS WORKING

Species choosen especially for their tolerance to drought and their adaptation to the soil and climate context of the farm.